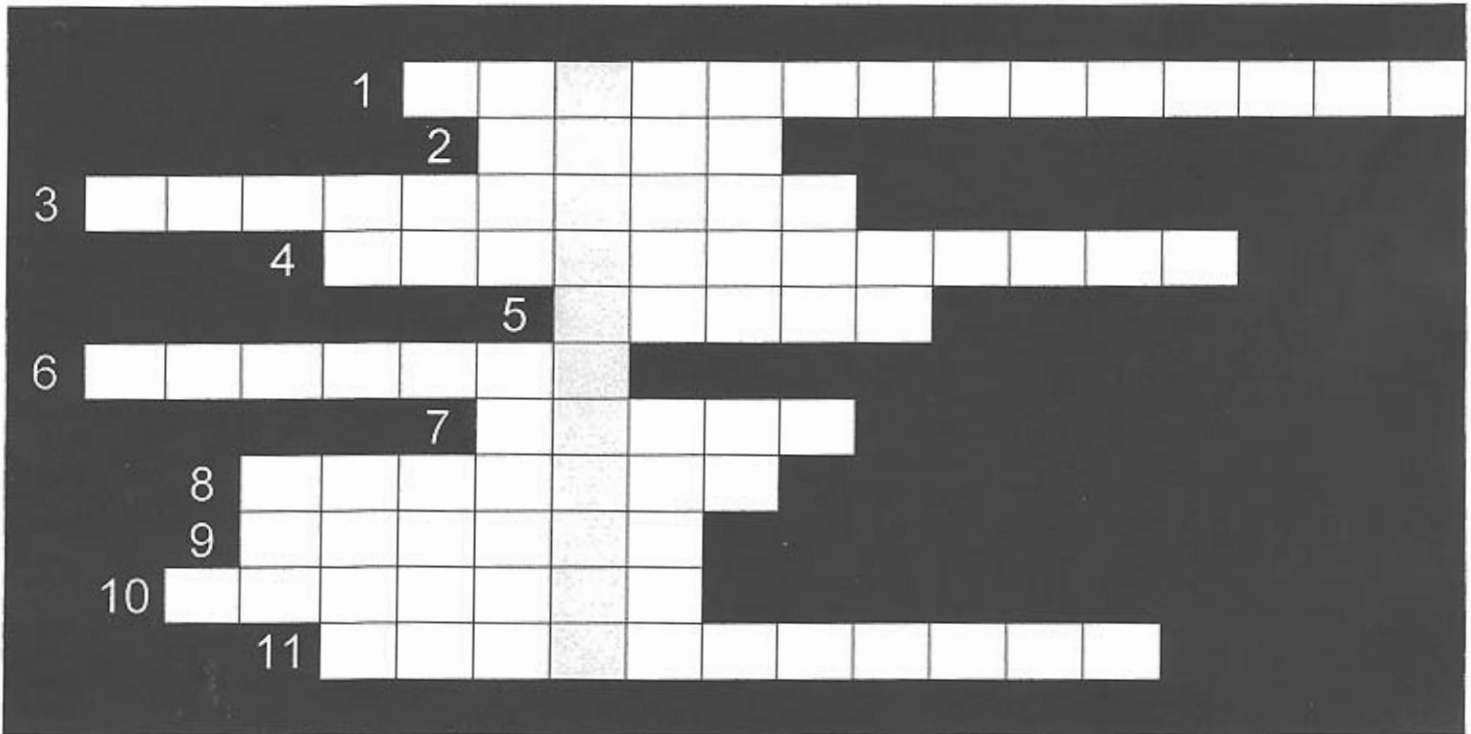


From Slavery to Segregation

DIRECTIONS: Read pp. 336-338 in *Exploring American History*. Use this information to help you solve the clues and complete the puzzle below. A word will be formed by the letters in the gray boxes that will complete the statement at the end.



1. African-Americans faced _____ in the North as well as in the South.
2. Many states passed laws that prevented African-Americans from voting because they could not _____.
3. Booker T. _____ started Tuskegee Institute as a place where African-Americans could learn useful skills.
4. _____ a farmer who paid rent by sharing a part of his crop with the landowner
5. In 1896, the U.S. Supreme Court ruled in the case of Plessy v. Ferguson that segregation was legal as long as the "separate" facilities for blacks and whites were "_____."
6. _____ remained the main source of wealth in the South in the years after the Civil War.
7. The _____ worked to end segregation and discrimination.
8. The _____ kept many former slaves from voting because they were poor.
9. W.E.B. _____ helped organize the NAACP to work for equal rights and an end to segregation.
10. "_____ " laws were intended to keep whites and blacks apart.
11. _____ laws kept many freedmen from voting because their fathers and grandfathers had not been allowed to vote

_____ refers to the legal separation of people by race.